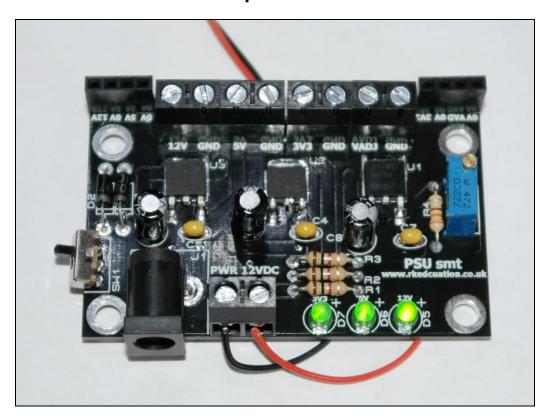
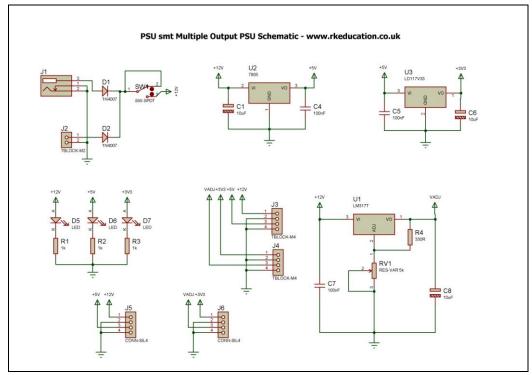
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Multiple Output SMT Power Supply Project Component List





Schematic Diagram

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Component List

C1 – 10uF electrolytic radial

C4 - 100nF multilayer ceramic

C5 - 100nF multilayer ceramic

C6 - 10uF electrolytic radial

C7 - 100nF multilayer ceramic

C8 - 10uF electrolytic radial

D1, D2 - 1N400x diodes

D5, D6, D7 - LEDs

J1 - DC power socket 2.1mm

J2 - 2 way 5mm PCB terminal blocks

 $J3 \sim J4 - 2/4$ way 5mm PCB terminal blocks

J5, J6 - SIL sockets

R1, R2, R3 - 1k 1/4 watt resistor

R4 - 330R 1/4 watt resistor

RV1 - 4k7 variable resistor

SW1 - Ultra miniature PCB slide switch

U1 - LM317 TO252 variable voltage regulator

U2 -7805 TO252 5V regulator

U3 - LD1117 V33 3V3 regulator

Description

The PSU smt Power Supply has been designed for electronic project work and is ideal to use with electronic projects.

- Small and compact
- Easily connected to breadboards and stripboards
- Uses LM317T, 7805 and LD1117 voltage regulators
- Has a variable output uses a LM317T variable voltage regulator
- Quad output, outputs the input voltage, variable and regulated 5VDC and 3.3VDC (please note that the input voltage will be reduced by 0.7V due to the diode)
- Power switch and LED power indicators

Instructions

When constructing PCBs always start with the components with the lowest profile, for example the surface mount ICs.

Once constructed operation is simple, input 12VDC and the unit will output approx 11VDC, regulated 5VDC and 3V3 and a variable output,

PSU smt Power Supply

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to vary this voltage adjust RV1. To ensure the unit is operating correctly test the voltages with a digital multi meter – DVM. The unit has 1N4007 diodes in series with the input voltage incase of reverse polarity, this reduces the input voltage by approx. 0.7V, to overcome this they can be replaced with shorting links or the input voltage can be increased.

To use simply connect the output from the unit to the target circuit using jumper wires inserted into the terminal blocks.

When using the power supply with high output currents the components will become hot and will need heat sinking to prevent damage.

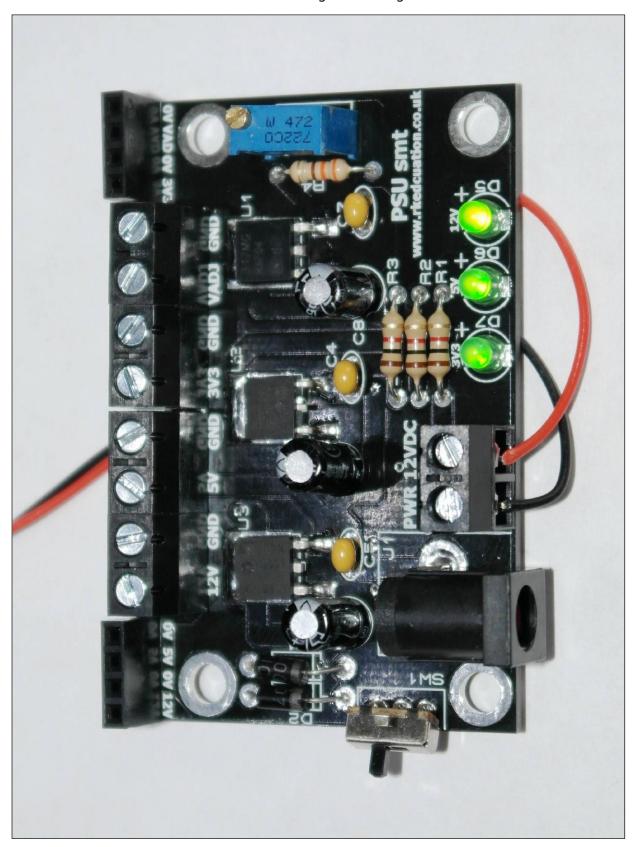
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